



**Management's Discussion and Analysis
For the three months ended March 31, 2025**

LETTER TO SHAREHOLDERS

Dear Fellow Shareholders,

I am pleased to report that the first quarter of 2025 was one of steady momentum for Kneat.

- Revenue grew 37% year over year, and
- Annual Recurring Revenue¹ grew 51% year over year,
- Gross profit and operating expenses grew 38% and 21% respectively over the same periods, as our progress toward profitability continued.

While the first three months of the year have been characterized by broader uncertainty with regard to global trade and future investment by global manufacturers, Kneat's strategic customers have remained on course toward digitization. Kneat's software, Kneat Gx, is a productivity tool, in some instances cutting the manhours associated with validation in half. When you consider these savings alongside the added benefits of compliance and quality assurance, it is easy to see why customers' interest in Kneat persists.

So far this year, we have announced the wins of a number of strategic customers from different areas within Life Sciences using Kneat for different purposes, including:

- a maker of specialty therapeutics using Kneat for commissioning, qualification and validation of its manufacturing equipment and facilities;
- a global consumer products company using Kneat in its health sciences division for computer system validation;
- and a manufacturer of generic pharmaceuticals that will be using Kneat to digitize its drawing management process.

The variety of companies and use cases points to the potential of Kneat's platform to address multiple data-centric workflow processes where data integrity is critical. A growing community of partners recognize these needs, and they are leaning in with Kneat to address them. This excitement from partners was evident at Kneat's VALIDATE 2025 user conference, the largest event in the industry focused exclusively on validation. This year's event held in Boston in May saw record attendance from validation experts from all across Life Sciences. In January, we welcomed Capgemini as a partner. Capgemini's deep experience implementing and integrating innovative technologies into the IT ecosystem across global companies can help our customers maximize the value of Kneat faster across their organizations.

As a product-led organisation that depends heavily on innovation for our continued success, Kneat is investing in an additional role on our senior leadership team, that of Chief Innovation Officer. Kneat co-founder Kevin Fitzgerald will transition from his role as Chief Product Officer (CPO) into this new role. Kevin's enormous contributions to date have proven his ability to align our product to our strategic vision. To fill the CPO role, we are thrilled to welcome Donal O'Sullivan to Kneat. Donal's career in software includes more than 25 years of experience leading development and product management. Having delivered significant growth in his roles at My Compliance Office, PICO, and Corvil, we're confident Donal is the right person to help drive Kneat's continued strong growth, scale for efficiencies, and satisfy the demand we are seeing from our customers.

Eddie Ryan, CEO

¹Annual Recurring Revenue ("ARR") is a supplementary financial measure. See 'Supplementary Financial Measures' section of our MD&A for additional information.

kneat.com, inc.

Three months ended March 31, 2025

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

This Management's Discussion and Analysis ("MD&A") provides a review of the performance of kneat.com, inc. ("kneat.com" or the "Company" or "Kneat") and should be read in conjunction with the unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements of kneat.com (the "Financial Statements") for the three months ended March 31, 2025, which have been prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standard 34, Interim Financial Reporting ("IAS 34"), which forms part of IFRS Accounting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB").

The information presented in this MD&A is as of May 07, 2025. The reporting currency for kneat.com is the Canadian dollar. All of the financial information presented herein is expressed in Canadian dollars, unless otherwise stated. United States dollars are indicated by the symbol "US\$". Euro is indicated by the symbol "€". This MD&A contains "forward-looking statements" that are subject to risk factors set out in a cautionary note contained herein. The reader is cautioned not to place undue reliance on forward-looking statements.

CAUTIONARY NOTE REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS AND INFORMATION

This MD&A contains "forward-looking information", as such term is defined in applicable Canadian securities legislation. Forward-looking information is necessarily based on a number of estimates and assumptions that are inherently subject to significant business, economic and competitive uncertainties and contingencies. All statements other than statements which are reporting results, as well as statements of historical fact set forth or incorporated herein by reference, are forward looking information that may involve a number of known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors, many of which are beyond kneat.com's ability to control or predict. Forward-looking information can be identified by the use of words such as "may", "should", "expects", "plans", "anticipates", "believes", "estimates", "predicts", "intends", "continues", or the negative of such terms, or other comparable terminology.

This forward-looking information includes, but is not limited to, statements and comments regarding:

- the development plans for the Kneat Gx platform ("Kneat Gx");
- the performance of the Company's business and operations;
- the Company's competitive and business strategies;
- the ability of Kneat Gx to demonstrate compliance with life sciences regulations under regulatory audit and inspection;
- the Company's strategy for protecting its intellectual property;
- the Company's ability to obtain necessary funding on favourable terms or at all, to fund future expenditures, including product development and capital requirements;
- the Company's plan and ability to secure additional customers and additional revenues;
- the implementation of Kneat Gx with new customers and timing thereof;
- the ability to scale Kneat Gx within the customers' sites and processes;
- the ability to expand the Kneat Gx offering from validation to quality management processes;
- the risk of competitors entering the market;
- the Company's ability to hire and retain skilled staff;
- the Company's expected use of the net proceeds from the IPF Facility and the public equity financings completed in both February and October 2024 and the anticipated effects thereof on the business and operations of the company;
- the estimate of the market size and market potential for Kneat Gx;
- the use of Kneat Gx within the customers' sites and processes; and
- the impact of the adoption of new accounting standards.

Although the Company believes that the plans, intentions and expectations reflected in this forward-looking information are reasonable, actual results, performance or achievements could differ materially from those contemplated, expressed or implied by the forward-looking information contained in this MD&A. Factors that could cause or contribute to such differences include, but are not limited to, unexpected changes in business and economic conditions, including the global financial and capital markets, inflation rates, and interest rates; the Company's inability to continually develop technologically advanced products; the inability of the Company's products and services to gain broader market acceptance; the Company's failure to protect its intellectual property; unauthorized disclosures and breaches of security data; changes in interest and currency foreign exchange rates; changes in operating revenues and costs; political or economic instability, either globally or in the countries in which the Company operates; competitive factors; availability of external financing at reasonable rates or at all; ability to adhere to the financial covenants under the Company's debt agreement, and the other factors discussed in this MD&A under the heading *Risk Factors*. Many of these factors are beyond kneat.com's ability to control or predict. These factors are not intended to represent a complete list of the general or specific factors that may affect kneat.com. kneat.com may note additional factors elsewhere in this MD&A. All forward-looking statements and information speak only as of the date made. All subsequent written and oral forward-looking statements attributable to kneat.com, or persons acting on kneat.com's behalf, are expressly qualified in their entirety by these cautionary statements. Readers are cautioned not to put undue reliance on forward-looking information due to the inherent uncertainty therein. kneat.com disclaims any intent or obligation to update publicly any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or results or otherwise, except as required by securities legislation.

COMPANY OVERVIEW

kneat.com, inc., (the "Company" or "kneat.com" or "Kneat") has its head office at Hawthorn House, Plassey Business Campus, Castletroy, Limerick, Ireland. The registered office of kneat.com is located at Scotia Plaza, 40 King Street West, Suite 2400, Box 215, Toronto, Canada, ON M5H 3Y2.

Operational overview

Kneat designs, develops and supplies software for data and document management within regulated environments. The Company's current product is Kneat Gx, a configurable, off-the-shelf application focused on validation lifecycle management and testing primarily within the life sciences industry (i.e. biotechnology, pharmaceutical and medical device manufacturing). Complete and comprehensively documented validation of processes, products, equipment and software is a significant and costly regulatory requirement in this industry. Kneat Gx provides a compliant digital solution that enables companies in the life sciences industry to become efficient and compliant with an automated process that has traditionally been manual, inefficient and paper-based.

Every manufacturing process, piece of equipment and computer system involved in the manufacturing of pharmaceutical, biotechnology and medical device products must be validated in accordance with current Good Manufacturing Practice ("cGMP") regulations. Validation necessitates extensive signed and time-stamped documentary evidence that all aspects of these systems are designed and tested, to ensure that they will repeatedly produce products to the approved specifications. This documentation is subject to audit by global regulatory authorities such as the U.S. Food and Drug Administration and the European Medicines Agency.

Traditionally, validation testing has been a manual, paper-intensive activity whereby test documents have to be developed, printed, approved, executed, post approved, filed and ready for regulatory audit in the future. In many companies in the life sciences industry much of this is still done on paper using wet ink to record test results, apply proof of signature and date stamp. This process can leave life sciences companies susceptible to production delays, high costs associated with data and document management, and at risk of non-compliance. Non-compliance can lead to regulatory recalls, threats to patient safety and delays to market. In addition, non-compliance may result in significant penalties, remediation costs, lost revenues and loss of trust in a Company's brand.

The solution that Kneat Gx provides has taken a dedicated professional team of industry specialists years of research and development. Kneat's customers cite Kneat Gx's innovation, ease of use, its central and dynamic data

management, its configurability (no coding needed), and its electronic records and signatures capabilities as the key differentiators that set it apart in the market. In addition, kneat.com's services and support teams are considered best in class by its customers.

Kneat possesses a top tier quality management system ("QMS") and is certified to ISO 9001:2015. Kneat also possesses an information security management system ("ISMS") and is accredited to ISO 27001:2017. In addition, it adheres to all applicable life sciences regulations such as all current cGMPs, GAMP5, EU Annex 11, FDA CFR Title 21 Part 11 governing Electronic Records and Electronic Signatures. Adhering to these regulations and guidelines is a mandatory requirement in order to supply to this highly regulated industry. Potential customers typically perform extensive audits to verify compliance prior to purchasing the Company's software and services.

The Company's focus is to service the Validation market initially within the global life sciences industry. Kneat initially targeted large tier one companies in the life sciences industry primarily in the United States and Europe and is now also targeting mid-market companies. The Company believes this market has significant potential for a digital solution due to a number of factors, including increased compliance standards required by regulators globally and the ongoing campaign by manufacturers to reduce costs and increase control while maintaining data integrity to a high standard. Additionally, competing in today's era of rapid innovation that digitization has enabled, requires companies to modernize the processes that enable them to bring these innovations to market at scale, with speed, and in a trusted way. Using Kneat's current customer penetration, the estimated number of potential licenses globally, current list prices and other assumptions, Kneat estimates that the potential market size for Kneat Gx for Validation process digitalization exceeds US \$2 billion in annual recurring revenue within the life sciences industry including Pharmaceutical, Medical Devices, Chemical, Health, Personal Care and Diagnostics. As the Company continues to enhance the Kneat Gx platform through added functionality, management expects the potential market for the platform to continue to increase.

kneat.com's contracts with customers are typically three years in length plus renewal terms and include license subscriptions (Software as a Service ("SaaS")) or legacy on-premise upfront licenses plus maintenance fees and professional service fees. kneat.com sells only SaaS licenses and professional services to new customers. Once a new contract is signed, the deployment phase commences and typically takes three to six months for the new customer to go-live on the platform. However, the length of the deployment project will be specific to each customer's requirements. Some fees related to deployment and licenses may be collected up front, however Kneat's revenue recognition criteria is such that revenue is only recognized on completion of the software deployment phase of this initial implementation project. This results in a typical time lag of several months from the date of a new customer announcement to the date of initial revenue recognition. kneat.com provides professional services to assist customers with the initial deployment of Kneat Gx, subsequent scaling the system to new processes and locations, and associated training of users. For several years, the Company has worked with partner companies to enable them to also provide professional services to Kneat customers. In 2024, Kneat refreshed its partner collaboration with the launch of two partner models 1) a tiered partner program and 2) Global System Integrator model partnership. Both models will seek to increase the availability and quality of Kneat-related services and products. With the tiered partner program, professional service providers, consultants and technology firms now have the option to join as Silver, Gold or Platinum partners. To supplement this Kneat launched a partner-implemented, fast-start program at an entry-level price, Kneat Go, for smaller end-user customers to use Kneat for digital validation. The Global System Integrator model will focus on enterprise level expansions and new opportunities.

Generally new customer contracts start with licenses for one validation use case at one site with the ability to use the same contract to purchase additional licenses at the customer's request. Kneat's goal for each customer is to see them scale across various sites for multiple validation use cases through its "land and expand" strategy over a number of years. This is also the customer's indicated intent when they first purchase Kneat Gx, as Kneat Gx is being purchased as a corporate-wide solution to harmonize validation processes (use cases) across their network. The potential expansion within Kneat's existing customer base represents a substantial revenue opportunity and continues to be a focus for the sales and support teams. The ease with which a customer can increase the number of users, sites and regulated processes (use cases) on the platform post initial deployment is a benefit that many customers avail of within their global operations.

BUSINESS OBJECTIVES

Kneat plans to use its financial resources for the following key business objectives:

- accelerate new customer acquisition across all tiers;
- accelerate license expansion (Annual Recurring Revenue, or ARR¹) within our existing customer base;
- add new features and functionality to Kneat Gx to enable shorter sales cycles, faster customer onboarding and expansion across their global facilities, further penetration of the life sciences supply chain sector and faster onboarding of strategic channel partners;
- further advance the Kneat Gx SaaS platform toward the product vision of a total quality management platform for all sizes of customers; and
- add key or strategic resources as required to support acceleration and scaling.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

2025 First Quarter Financial Highlights

- Total revenues increased 37% to \$14.7 million in Q1 2025, compared to \$10.8 million in Q1 2024.
- SaaS revenues increased 42% to \$13.8 million in Q1 2025 compared to \$9.7 million in Q1 2024.
- Gross Profit increased 38% to \$10.9 million (Gross Margin %: 74%) in Q1 2025, compared to \$7.9 million (Gross Margin %: 74%) in Q1 2024.
- Annual recurring revenue¹ increased 51% to \$63.5 million as of March 31, 2025 compared to \$42.1 million as of March 31, 2024.

CORPORATE HIGHLIGHTS

In January 2025, Kneat announced that it has partnered with Capgemini. The collaboration brings together Capgemini's expertise in enterprise IT systems integration with Kneat's digital validation platform, Kneat Gx. The partnership is designed to enable life sciences companies to seamlessly deploy Kneat Gx enterprise-wide; connect with core systems such as ERP, QMS, and DMS; and scale digital validation processes with ease.

Also in January 2025, Kneat announced that a European-headquartered leader in specialty therapeutics selected Kneat for commissioning, qualification and validation of its manufacturing equipment and facilities.

In February 2025, Kneat announced that a European-headquartered global consumer products company selected Kneat to digitize its validation processes within a specialized health sciences division.

In April 2025, Kneat announced that a multinational producer of generic pharmaceuticals signed a Services Agreement with Kneat to digitalize its drawing management process.

In May 2025, Kneat saw record attendance at VALIDATE, its annual event convening validation and quality professionals from around the world. One of the world's largest events for validation experts to discover, share and apply validation technologies, regulations, and best practices, VALIDATE enabled participants to witness the power of the Kneat Gx platform.

Also in May 2025, Kneat announced the expansion of its executive leadership team with the addition of a Chief Innovation Officer Role. Co-founder and Chief Product Officer Kevin Fitzgerald will transition out of his current role and into the Chief Innovation Officer role on June 9. Donal O'Sullivan, an executive with extensive software development and product management leadership, will join Kneat at that time as Chief Product Officer.

¹ Annual Recurring Revenue ("ARR") is a supplementary financial measure. See 'Supplementary Financial Measures' section of our MD&A for additional information.

SELECTED QUARTERLY INFORMATION

Expressed in thousands of Canadian dollars, except for per common share amounts, and prepared in accordance with IFRS:

	Q1 2025	Q4 2024	Q3 2024	Q2 2024	Q1 2024	Q4 2023	Q3 2023	Q2 2023
	\$000's	\$000's	\$000's	\$000's	\$000's	\$000's	\$000's	\$000's
Total revenue*	14,748	13,733	12,762	11,676	10,767	9,814	8,405	8,039
Total operating loss*	(1,402)	(836)	(229)	(2,632)	(2,250)	(3,158)	(3,303)	(4,045)
Total net earnings / (loss)*	2,146	(2,463)	1,173	(3,100)	(3,337)	(2,751)	(3,717)	(5,500)
Total net earnings / (loss) per common share *	0.02	(0.03)	0.01	(0.04)	(0.04)	(0.04)	(0.05)	(0.07)

* Cumulative totals vary nominally as a result of foreign exchange differences between quarters.

Total revenues fluctuate quarter over quarter. Revenue growth is driven by the addition of new SaaS licenses associated with the scaling of existing customers and the new customers going live.

Other revenue fluctuations are due mainly to the timing of delivery of professional services and the sale of one-time legacy on-premise licenses. As the Company has moved away from on-premise licenses, this element of variability will not feature into the future. In the future, we expect revenues will become more stable as revenue has migrated to the recurring subscription model with the additional element of professional services.

In addition to the impact of revenue changes referred to above, fluctuations in operating losses are driven primarily by fluctuations in cost of labour in the period based on the hiring plan and the amount of qualifying labour capitalized to the intangible asset. Net earnings (loss) is also affected by fluctuations in interest rates as well as fluctuations in foreign exchange gains and losses recognized as a result of movements in foreign exchange rates between the Canadian dollar and the Euro and United States dollar, as the majority of the Company's costs and intercompany loans are denominated in Euro and United States dollar. Generally, there are limited quarterly or seasonal trends associated with the Company's business.

kneat.com expects to record losses as it continues the development of its product, Kneat Gx, and in its go to market strategy. The timing of the achievement of profitability is uncertain and will be impacted by the level of this investment and the rate of revenue growth. Refer to the *Risk Factors* section of this MD&A and note 16(e) *Liquidity Risk*, to the unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements for the three months ended March 31, 2025 for further details.

NON-GAAP FINANCIAL MEASURES

The Company uses a non-IFRS measure, working capital, in this MD&A. Management uses this non-GAAP financial measure together with measures determined in accordance with IFRS, to provide investors with a supplemental measure to evaluate the Company's financial condition. The Company calculates working capital as its current assets less its current liabilities. This measure has no meaning under IFRS and, therefore, amounts presented may not be comparable to similar data presented by other companies operating in a similar industry as the Company. The Company believes that securities analysts, investors and other interested parties frequently use non-GAAP financial measures in the evaluation of issuers. Accordingly, it is intended to provide additional information and should not be considered in isolation or as a substitute for measures of performance or financial condition prepared in accordance with IFRS. For further information, please refer to the 'Liquidity and Capital Resources' section of this MD&A.

SUPPLEMENTARY FINANCIAL MEASURES

The Company uses certain supplementary financial measures as key performance indicators in its MD&A and other communications that is described in the following section. Management uses both IFRS measures and supplementary financial measures as key performance indicators when planning, monitoring and evaluating the Company's performance. As supplementary financial measures, they should be considered as a supplement to, and not as a substitute for, or superior to, measures calculated in accordance with GAAP. All supplementary financial measures below do not have a standardized meaning under IFRS and therefore may not be comparable to similar measures presented by other companies.

Annual Recurring Revenue ("ARR")

Kneat management use ARR to evaluate and assess the Company's performance, identify trends affecting its business, formulate financial projections and make financial decisions. The Company believes that ARR is a useful metric for investors as it provides a measure of the value of the recurring revenue at a point in time (end date of the relevant quarter). ARR is based on signed agreements and indicates the level of recurring revenue that the Company would anticipate reporting in a 12-month period based on the full annual SaaS and maintenance fees for existing customers. In specific circumstances, the Company may utilize pricing incentives for limited contract periods. ARR is used by Kneat to assess the expected recurring revenues from the customers that are live on the Kneat Gx platform at the end of the period. ARR is calculated using the licenses delivered to customers at the period end, multiplied by the expected customer retention rate of 100% and multiplied by the full annual SaaS license or maintenance fee. Since many of the customer contracts are in currencies other than the Canadian dollar, the Canadian dollar equivalent is calculated using the related period end exchange rate multiplied by the contracted currency amount.

Annual recurring revenue ("ARR") at March 31, 2025 increased by 51% to \$63.5 million from \$42.1 million at March 31, 2024 and ARR from SaaS license fees increased by 52% from March 31, 2024. The increase in SaaS ARR reflects the increase in the number of customers purchasing the SaaS version of Kneat Gx and customers expanding their use of Kneat Gx. There was also a favourable impact in exchange rates between transaction currencies and Canadian dollar reporting currency.

The following table which presents ARR information over the past eight quarters is expressed in millions of Canadian dollars:

	Q1 2025	Q4 2024	Q3 2024	Q2 2024	Q1 2024	Q4 2023	Q3 2023	Q2 2023
	(\$ MM)	(\$ MM)	(\$ MM)	(\$ MM)	(\$ MM)	(\$ MM)	(\$ MM)	(\$ MM)
SaaS ARR	63.4	59.6	49.7	45.2	41.8	37.3	31.3	28.3
Maintenance ARR	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.1	0.1	0.1
Total ARR	63.5	59.7	49.9	45.4	42.1	37.4	31.4	28.4

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Three-month period ended March 31, 2025

Revenues for the three-month period ended March 31,

	Q1 2025	Q1 2024	\$ change in 2024	% change in 2024
SaaS license fees	13,805,973	9,718,501	4,087,472	42%
Maintenance fees	22,095	70,589	(48,494)	(69%)
Professional services and other	919,573	977,910	(58,337)	(6%)
Total revenues	14,747,641	10,767,000	3,980,641	37%

SaaS license fees entitle a specified number of users to utilize the Kneat Gx platform hosted on a secure cloud server. SaaS license fee revenue is recognized over time, on a recurring monthly basis, as the services are performed. For the three-month period ended March 31, 2025 SaaS license fees were \$13,805,973 as compared to \$9,718,501 for the three-month period ended March 31, 2024. The increase of \$4,087,472 in SaaS license fees was a result of the scaling of the number of licenses purchased by existing customers and onboarding new SaaS customers quarter over quarter. While the SaaS revenue growth trajectory continues upwards, large scaling events are somewhat unpredictable in their timing. In addition, there was also a favourable impact in exchange rates between transaction currencies and Canadian dollar reporting currency.

Maintenance fees are established annually for on-premise licenses. Maintenance fees, which entitle the customer to front line support and software upgrades, are paid up front and are generally recurring annually. Maintenance fees revenue for the three-month period ended March 31, 2025 was \$22,095 as compared to \$70,589 for the three-month period ended March 31, 2024, which was a decrease of \$48,494. The decrease was due to a legacy customer transitioning to SaaS during 2024.

Professional services & other revenue is related to services provided to customers and depends on customer-specific needs. In addition, Kneat's Partner program continues to develop, and, consistent with Kneat's strategy, the Partners are increasingly in a position to provide these professional services to Kneat's customers. Kneat's professional service fees may include training; development of custom reports; upgrades; pilots for potential customers; process mapping and deployment services. Professional services & other revenue for the three-month period ended March 31, 2025 was \$919,573 as compared to \$977,910 for the three-month period ended March 31, 2024. This decrease of \$58,337 was primarily due to the timing of project milestones being met.

Cost of revenue for the three-month period ended March 31,

	2025	2024	\$ change in 2024	% change in 2024
Cost of revenue	\$3,823,145	\$2,834,015	\$989,130	35%

Cost of revenue consists primarily of payroll related costs related to the consulting team supporting customer deployment, training and other services, and the customer support team, as well as costs associated with third-party hosting services related to the Company's SaaS platform. Cost of revenue for the three-month period ended March 31, 2025 was \$3,823,145 compared to \$2,834,015 for the three-month period ended March 31, 2024. The increase of \$989,130 was due mainly to an increase in cloud hosting and payroll related costs.

Gross profit for the three-month period ended March 31,

	2025	2024	\$ change in 2024	% change in 2024
Gross profit	\$10,924,496	\$7,932,985	\$2,991,511	38%

Gross profit for the three-month period ended March 31, 2025 was \$10,924,496 (Gross Margin %: 74%) compared to \$7,932,985 (Gross Margin %: 74%) for the three-month period ended March 31, 2024. The increase of \$2,991,511 in gross profit was primarily driven by the significant increase in SaaS revenue coupled with a smaller increase in cost of revenues over the same quarter of 2024.

Research and development expenses for the three-month period ended March 31,

	2025	2024	\$ change in 2024	% change in 2024
Research and development	\$4,698,665	\$4,045,548	\$653,117	16%

Research and development expenses consist of payroll related costs for members of the research and development team that do not meet the criteria for capitalization to the intangible asset, amortization of the intangible asset, cloud hosting costs associated with development servers and other allocated overhead costs associated with the team responsible for the research and development of Kneat Gx. Research and development expenses for the three-month period ended March 31, 2025 were \$4,698,665 compared to \$4,045,548 for the three-month period ended March 31, 2024. The increase of \$653,117 is due primarily to increased payroll related costs as well as increased amortization of the intangible asset driven by additions to the intangible asset that went into use throughout the past year. These increases were partially offset by higher capitalization of payroll costs.

Sales and marketing expenses for the three-month period ended March 31,

	2025	2024	\$ change in 2024	% change in 2024
Sales and marketing	\$5,116,477	\$4,031,684	\$1,084,793	27%

Sales and marketing expenses consist of payroll related costs for members of the sales and marketing team, contract acquisition costs, advertising, trade shows, travel and other overhead costs associated with the team responsible for sales and marketing globally. Sales and marketing expenses for the three months ended March 31, 2025 were \$5,116,477 compared to \$4,031,684 for the three months ended March 31, 2024. The increase of \$1,084,793 was due primarily to an increase in payroll related costs associated with increased headcount in the sales and marketing departments. The Company also incurred increased costs relating to sales, marketing and advertising as well as travel.

General and administrative expenses for the three-month period ended March 31,

	2025	2024	\$ change in 2024	% change in 2024
General and administrative	\$2,511,629	\$2,105,589	\$406,040	19%

General and administrative expenses consist primarily of payroll related costs of the management and administrative teams, directors fees, legal and audit costs, regulatory fees, recruitment fees, insurance and other allocated overhead costs associated with the management and administrative teams. General and administrative expenses for the three-month period ended March 31, 2025 were \$2,511,629 compared to \$2,105,589 for the three-months ended March 31, 2024. The increase of \$406,040 is due primarily to an increase in payroll related costs, directors fees and recruitment fees for the three months ended March 31, 2025.

Other expenses for the three-month period ended March 31,

	2025	2024	\$ change in 2024	% change in 2024
Finance expense	\$888,545	\$867,451	\$21,094	2%
Interest income	(\$198,639)	(\$35,076)	(\$163,563)	(466%)
Income tax expense	\$24,430	\$15,887	\$8,543	54%
Foreign exchange (gain)/loss	(\$4,262,600)	\$238,763	(\$4,501,363)	(1,885%)

Finance expense increased by \$21,094 in the three-month period ended March 31, 2025. This expense relates to interest on the Company's debt facility, as well as amortization of the loan issuance costs.

Interest income increased by \$163,563 in the three-month period ended March 31, 2025. This is due to interest earned on the higher cash balances held by the company in 2025.

The foreign currency gain of \$4,262,600 arose in the current period due primarily to the impact of changes in foreign exchange rates on financial assets and financial liabilities denominated in currencies other than the functional

currency of the entity in which they are held. The key driver relates to the unrealized foreign exchange gains on Euro-denominated intercompany receivables and cash balances.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

kneat.com's liquidity depends on existing cash reserves and revenue generated from customers supplemented as necessary by equity or debt financings. As of March 31, 2025, kneat.com had cash of \$74,132,378 compared to \$58,889,572 as at December 31, 2024.

The working capital balance was \$41,545,848 (current assets \$87,172,435 less current liabilities \$45,626,587) at March 31, 2025 as compared to \$44,374,337 at December 31, 2024 (current assets \$79,136,676 less current liabilities \$34,762,339). Changes during the period relate primarily to the cash flows described below, the cash collected from customers and the operating and investing costs incurred through the normal course of operations.

In the year ended December 31, 2023, the Company signed the IPF Facility allowing for debt funding of up to €15 million (\$23.3 million). The IPF Facility is subject to a financial covenant in the form of a minimum cash balance held in favour of the lender in an amount sufficient to cover the higher of the last six-months and next six-months cash runway subject to a cap of €2 million, €4 million and €6 million on tranche one, two and three respectively. At March 31, 2025 the minimum cash balance that the Company must maintain at all times is €6 million (\$9.3 million).

The Company has a history of being able to raise funds on the capital markets to meet its ongoing requirements and the Company closed a public equity financing on February 14, 2024, for gross proceeds of \$20,000,110 and on October 10, 2024, for gross proceeds of \$35,625,000. However, there can be no assurance that, in the future, the Company will be able to raise funding on favorable terms, if at all. During the three months ended March 31, 2025, the net cash used in financing activities was \$766,585 which was primarily driven by the payment of principal and interest on the loan payable.

Investing activities for the period ended March 31, 2025, focused mainly on the development of Kneat Gx, resulted in net cash outflows from investing activities of \$3,369,483, consisting principally of additions to the intangible asset partially offset by R&D tax credits received. In addition, kneat.com generated net cash of \$17,476,613 for the period ended March 31, 2025, provided by operating activities primarily driven by an increase in contract liabilities and a decrease in accounts receivable.

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not meet its financial obligations as they become due. The Company has a planning and budgeting process to monitor operating cash requirements, including amounts projected for capital expenditures, which are adjusted as input variables change. These variables include, but are not limited to, the ability of the Company to generate revenue from current and prospective customers, general and administrative requirements of the Company and the availability of capital markets. As these variables change, liquidity risks may necessitate the need for the Company to issue equity or obtain debt financing.

Kneat's business to date has focused on the development of Kneat Gx which is generating growing revenues from its customers, which include top-tier pharmaceutical companies. Kneat has historically relied primarily on funding through the issuance of common shares, debt and customer receipts.

The Directors believe that the Company's cash resources when combined with the proceeds from customer receipts, will be sufficient to fund operations for at least twelve months from the reporting date of the unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The Company may from time to time be involved in various claims, legal proceedings and complaints arising in the ordinary course of business. The Company does not believe that adverse decisions in any pending or threatened proceedings related to any matter, or any amount which it may be required to pay by reason thereof, will have a material effect on the financial conditions or future results of operations of the Company.

The Company has committed to purchase certain services which will result in the Company paying \$6,588,216 within one year and \$11,604,934 in two to three years thereafter.

The Company has employment arrangements with the Chief Executive Officer, Chief Information Officer, Chief Product Officer and Chief Financial Officer, which provide that, should a change in control event occur, as defined in the employment arrangements, these individuals will receive lump sum payments equal to 24 months of their then current base salary.

OFF-BALANCE SHEET ARRANGEMENTS

kneat.com has no off-balance sheet arrangements such as guarantee contracts, contingent interest in assets transferred to an entity, derivative instruments obligations or any obligations that trigger financing, liquidity, market or credit risk to kneat.com.

OUTSTANDING SHARE INFORMATION

The Company has authorized an unlimited number of common shares without par value. As of May 07, 2025, the Company had 94,397,030 common shares outstanding (March 31, 2025– 94,397,030).

As of May 07, 2025, the Company has 874,556 (March 31, 2025 – 874,556) stock options outstanding at an average exercise price of \$3.33 per common share with varying expiry dates. In addition, as at May 07, 2025 the Company has 668,437 deferred share units outstanding (March 31, 2025 – 668,437) and 2,303,125 restricted share units outstanding (March 31, 2025 – 2,303,125).

RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

During the three months ended March 31, 2025, the Company issued 13,845 DSUs to members of the Board of Directors who are not employees or officers of the Company (three months ended March 31, 2024 – 16,480).

No options were exercised by Directors and Key Management during the three months ended March 31, 2025. During the three months ended March 31, 2024, Directors of the Company exercised 150,000 stock options at an exercise price of \$1.06 for gross proceeds of \$159,000 and Key Management exercised 275,000 stock options at a weighted-average exercise price of \$1.39 for gross proceeds of \$383,500.

During the three months ended March 31, 2025, the Company granted 83,215 RSUs to Executive Directors and 174,407 RSUs to Key Management. During the three months ended March 31, 2024, the Company granted no RSUs to Executive Directors or Key Management.

FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND RISK MANAGEMENT

Market Risk

Currency risk

Currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. Currency risk exposure arises from the Company entering into transactions which are denominated in currencies other than its functional currency.

The Company is exposed to currency risk on its cash balances, amounts receivable, loan payable, intercompany balances and accounts payable and accrued liabilities that are held in currencies that are not in the transacting entity's functional currencies.

For the three months ended March 31, 2025, the impact on monetary assets and liabilities of a 5% decrease in the foreign exchange rate between the functional currencies and foreign currencies (weakening of the Euro/USD versus CAD) would increase the net loss by approximately \$5.0 million; a 5% increase would decrease the net loss by approximately \$5.0 million (strengthening of the Euro/USD versus CAD). The Company currently does not hedge its currency risk.

The majority of the Company's revenues and expenses are denominated in Euro and the United States dollar. As a result, revenues and expenses are affected by a change in the value of the Euro and the United States dollar relative to the Canadian dollar.

The following table summarizes the effects on revenues, expenses and the net loss as a result of a 5% strengthening of the Euro and the United States dollar when compared to the Canadian dollar ⁽¹⁾

	Three-month period ended March 31, 2025			Three-month period ended March 31, 2024		
	As reported	Foreign exchange rate effect	5% Stronger	As reported	Foreign exchange rate effect	5% Stronger
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Revenue	14,747,641	737,382	15,485,023	10,767,000	538,350	11,305,350
Expenses	(12,601,652)	(777,967)	(13,379,619)	(14,103,861)	(688,291)	(14,792,152)
Net income/ (loss)	2,145,989	(40,585)	2,105,404	(3,336,861)	(149,941)	(3,486,802)

(1) A 5% weakening of the Euro and the United States dollar when compared to the Canadian dollar would have an equal and opposite impact on the Company's revenues, expenses and net loss as presented in the table.

Interest rate risk

Interest risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of financial instruments will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. Interest rate exposure exists in the unaudited condensed interim consolidated statements of financial position, in respect of cash balances due to the variability in deposit rates and in respect of the IPF Facility due to the variable interest rate (EURIBOR +7%) that applies to this loan. During the three months ended March 31, 2025, a change of 100 basis points in either interest rate would have had an effect of approximately \$148,000 on deposit interest income and \$58,000 on interest expense assuming all other variables, in particular foreign currency exchange rates, remain constant.

Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that a counterparty to a financial instrument will fail to discharge an obligation or commitment that it has entered into with the Company. The carrying amounts of financial assets best represent the maximum credit risk exposure at the reporting date. At March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024, the Company's financial assets exposed to credit risk amounted to the following:

	March 31, 2025	December 31, 2024
	\$	\$
Cash	74,132,378	58,889,572
Amounts receivable*	7,367,525	12,790,148

*includes trade debtors, contract assets & other debtors

During the three months ended March 31, 2025, and the year ended December 31, 2024, the Company did not hold any financial assets that were impaired. Trade debtors of \$6,751,521 are included in amounts receivable as at March 31, 2025 (December 31, 2024 – \$12,325,454).

Trade debtors are monitored on a regular basis, with reference to the Expected Credit Loss (ECL) impairment model, in order to minimize material aging and to ensure adequate collection. Historically there have been no significant trade debtor collection issues and the Company does not believe it is subject to significant concentration of credit risk.

Cash is held with reputable banks in Ireland, the United States and Canada. The long-term credit rating for these banks, as determined by Standard and Poor's ranges between A+ and BBB.

RISK FACTORS

The Company's operations and financial performance are subject to the normal risks of its industry and are subject to various factors which are beyond the control of the Company. Certain of these risk factors are described below. The risks described below are not the only ones facing the Company. Additional risks not currently known to the Company, or that it currently considers immaterial, may also adversely impact the Company's business, operations, financial results or prospects, should any such other events occur.

kneat.com has a limited commercial history and its future profitability is uncertain

kneat.com has a limited commercial history and its business is subject to all of the risks inherent in a growing software company. The Company's likelihood of success must be considered in light of the problems, expenses, difficulties, complications and delays frequently encountered in connection with a company at this stage of growth. If kneat.com continues to incur operating losses and fails to become a profitable company, it may be unable to continue its operations. kneat.com may continue to operate at a net loss for the next several years, as it continues its software development efforts and continues to further develop its sales, marketing and distribution capabilities.

kneat.com's financial resources depend on a variety of dynamic factors

The Company's future capital requirements will depend on many factors, including its ability to maintain and expand its customer base, implement its cost optimization plans and implement its strategic plans. For the foreseeable future, kneat.com may have to fund a significant proportion of its operations and capital expenditures from the net proceeds of future offerings and grants of securities. Any additional equity financing may be dilutive to holders of the Company's common shares and any debt financing, if available, may require restrictions to be placed on the Company's future financing and operating activities. The Company may be unable to obtain additional financing on acceptable terms if the market and economic conditions, financial condition or operating performance of the Company or investor sentiment are unfavourable. The Company's inability to raise further funds may hinder its ability to implement its strategy to grow in the future or pay its obligations when they become due.

kneat.com has a history of losses and may never achieve or sustain profitability

kneat.com has incurred substantial losses since its inception, and it may not achieve profitability in the foreseeable future, if at all. kneat.com expects to incur net losses and negative cash flows due in part to increasing research and development expenses, marketing expenses, hiring additional personnel, cloud hosting and other costs. As a result, kneat.com will need to generate additional revenues in order to achieve and maintain profitability. kneat.com may not be able to generate these revenues or achieve profitability in the future. Even if kneat.com does achieve profitability, it may not be able to sustain or increase profitability.

The length of kneat.com's sales cycle can fluctuate significantly which could result in significant fluctuations in license and other revenues being recognized from quarter to quarter

The decision by a customer to purchase licenses for kneat.com's software product or purchase its services often involves a comprehensive implementation process. As a result, the licensing and implementation of kneat.com's software product and any related services may entail a significant commitment of resources by prospective customers, accompanied by the attendant risks and delays frequently associated with significant technology implementation projects. Given the significant investment and commitment of resources required by an organization to implement kneat.com's software product, its sales cycle may be longer compared to other companies within kneat.com's own industry, as well as companies in other industries. Also because of changes in customer spending habits, it may be difficult for kneat.com to budget, forecast and allocate its resources properly. In weak economic environments, it is not uncommon to see reduced information technology spending. It may take several months, or even several quarters, for marketing opportunities to materialize. If a customer's decision to license kneat.com's software is delayed or if the implementation of the software product takes longer than originally anticipated, the date on which kneat.com may recognize revenues from these licenses would be delayed. Such delays and fluctuations could cause kneat.com's revenues to be lower than expected in a particular period and kneat.com may not be able to adjust its costs quickly enough to offset such lower revenues, potentially negatively impacting its business, operating results and financial condition.

If kneat.com does not continue to develop technologically advanced product functionality, future revenues and its operating results may be negatively affected

kneat.com's success depends upon its ability to design, develop, test, market, license and support new software functionality, services and enhancements of current functionality and services on a timely basis in response to both competitive threats and marketplace demands. Examples of significant trends in the software industry include cloud computing, mobility and artificial intelligence. In addition, kneat.com's software product, services and enhancements must remain compatible with standard platforms and file formats. Moreover, if new industry standards emerge that kneat.com does not anticipate or adapt to, or with rapid technological change occurring, if alternatives to its services and solutions are developed by its competitors, kneat.com's software and services could be rendered obsolete, causing kneat.com to lose market share and, as a result, harm its business and operating results and its ability to compete in the marketplace.

If kneat.com's software and services do not gain market acceptance, its operating results may be negatively affected

kneat.com intends to pursue the goal for Kneat Gx to be the global standard for regulated data and documentation management across industries where sound data management, documentation practices and regulatory compliance are keys to success. kneat.com intends to pursue its strategy through, among other things, its proprietary research and the development of new software functionality and service offerings. In response to customer demand, it is important to kneat.com's success that it continues to enhance its software product and services and to seek to set the standard for Kneat Gx capabilities. The primary market for its software product and services is rapidly evolving, which means that the level of acceptance of software functionality and services that have been released recently or that are planned for future release by the marketplace is not certain. If the markets for kneat.com's software product and services fail to develop, develop more slowly than expected or become subject to increased competition, its business may suffer. As a result, kneat.com may be unable to: (i) successfully market its current product and services; (ii) develop new software product functionalities and services and enhancements to current software product functionalities and services; (iii) complete customer implementations on a timely basis; or (iv) complete software upgrades and services currently under development. In addition, increased competition could put significant pricing pressures on kneat.com's product which could negatively impact its margins and profitability. If

kneat.com's software product and services are not accepted by its customers or by other businesses in the marketplace, kneat.com's business, operating results and financial condition will be materially affected.

A small number of customers compose a proportionately large percentage of revenue

The Company has been dependent, and expects that during the current fiscal year it will continue to be dependent, on a relatively small number of customers for a large percentage of its revenue. For the three months ended March 31, 2025, the Company's top 10 customers made up 52% of the Company's revenues (three months ended March 31, 2024 52%). If one or more of the Company's end-users discontinues its relationship with the Company for any reason, or reduces or postpones current or expected purchases of the Company's products or services, the Company's business, results of operations and financial condition could be materially adversely affected.

kneat.com relies on third-party service providers

The Company's success depends upon relationships with third-party service providers, including providers of cloud hosting infrastructure, customer relationship management systems, financial reporting systems, human resource management systems, marketing automation systems, and payroll processing systems. If any of these third parties experience difficulty meeting the Company's requirements or standards, become unavailable due to extended outages or interruptions, temporarily or permanently cease operations, face financial distress or other business disruptions, increase their fees; or if the Company's relationships with any of these providers deteriorate; or if any of the agreements entered into with such third parties are terminated or not renewed without adequate transition arrangements, the Company could suffer liabilities, penalties, fines, increased costs and delays in its ability to provide customers with the Company's products, the Company's ability to manage its finances could be interrupted, receipt of payments from customers may be delayed, the Company's processes for managing sales of its offerings could be impaired, the Company's ability to generate and manage sales leads could be weakened, or the Company's business operations could be disrupted. Any of such disruptions may adversely impact the Company's business and its financial condition, results of operations, or cash flows until the Company replaces such providers or develops replacement technology or operations. In addition, if the Company is unsuccessful in identifying high-quality service providers, negotiating cost-effective relationships with them, or effectively managing these relationships, it could adversely affect the Company's business and financial results.

kneat.com depends on suppliers

The Company licenses certain technologies used in its products from third parties, generally on a non-exclusive basis. The termination of any of these licenses, or the failure of the licensors to adequately maintain or update their products, could delay the Company's ability to supply its products while the Company seeks to implement alternative technology offered by other sources which may require significant unplanned investments on its part. In addition, alternative technology may not be available on commercially reasonable terms or may not be available at all. In the future, it may be necessary or desirable to obtain other third-party technology licenses relating to one or more of the Company's products or relating to current or future technologies to enhance the Company's product offerings. There is a risk that the Company will not be able to obtain licensing rights to the required technology on commercially reasonable terms, if at all.

kneat.com's investment in its current research and development efforts may not provide a sufficient, timely return

The development of Kneat Gx is a costly, complex and time-consuming process and the investment in kneat.com's software product development often involves a long wait until a return is achieved on such an investment. kneat.com is making, and will continue to make, significant investments in software research and development and related product opportunities. Investments in new technology and processes are inherently speculative. Commercial success depends on many factors, including the degree of innovation of the software product and services developed through kneat.com's research and development efforts, sufficient support from its strategic partners and effective distribution and marketing. Accelerated software product introductions and short product life cycles require high levels of expenditures for research and development. These expenditures may adversely affect kneat.com's operating results if they are not offset by revenue increases. kneat.com believes that it must continue to dedicate a significant amount of resources to its research and development efforts in order to maintain its competitive position. However, significant revenues from new software product and service investments may not be achieved for a number of years, if at all. Moreover, new software functionality and services may not be profitable, and even if they

are profitable, operating margins for new software product functionality and services may not be as high as projected.

Failure to protect kneat.com's intellectual property could harm its ability to compete effectively

kneat.com is highly dependent on its ability to protect its proprietary technology. kneat.com relies on a combination of trade secret laws, copyright protection, as well as non-disclosure agreements and other contractual provisions to establish and maintain its proprietary rights. kneat.com currently does not own any patents or have any patents pending. kneat.com intends to protect its intellectual property rights vigorously; however, there can be no assurance that these measures will, in all cases, be successful. Software piracy has been, and is expected to be, a persistent problem for the software industry and piracy of its software product may represent a loss of revenue to kneat.com. Where applicable, certain of kneat.com's contractual arrangements have required it to place such source code into escrow for the protection of another party. Despite the precautions kneat.com has taken, unauthorized third parties, including its competitors, may be able to copy certain portions of kneat.com's software product or reverse engineer or obtain and use information that kneat.com regards as proprietary. Also, kneat.com's competitors could independently develop technologies that are perceived to be substantially equivalent or superior to its technologies. kneat.com's competitive position may be adversely affected by its possible inability to effectively protect kneat.com's intellectual property. In addition, certain of its products may from time to time contain open source software. Licensees of open source software may be required to make public certain source code or to make certain derivative works available to others. While kneat.com monitors and controls the use of open source software in its product and in any third-party software that is incorporated into its product, and kneat.com tries to ensure that no open source software is used in such a way as to require it to disclose the source code for the related product or service, there can be no guarantee that such use could not inadvertently occur. If this happened it could harm kneat.com's intellectual property position and have a material adverse effect on its business, results of operations and financial condition.

Other companies may claim that kneat.com infringes their intellectual property, which could materially increase costs and materially harm its ability to generate future revenues and profits

Claims of infringement are becoming increasingly common as the software industry develops and as related legal protections, including patents, are applied to software products. Although kneat.com does not believe that its products infringe on the rights of third parties, third parties may assert infringement claims against it in the future. Although most of kneat.com's technology is proprietary in nature, kneat.com may include certain third party and/or open source software in its software product. In the case of third-party software, kneat.com believes this software is licensed from the entity holding the intellectual property rights. Although kneat.com believes that it has secured proper licenses for all third-party intellectual property that is integrated into its product, third parties may assert infringement claims against kneat.com in the future, including the sometimes aggressive and opportunistic actions of non-practicing entities whose business model is to obtain patent-licensing revenues from operating companies such as kneat.com. Any such assertion, regardless of merit, may result in litigation or may require kneat.com to obtain a license for the intellectual property rights of third parties. Such licenses may not be available or they may not be available on commercially reasonable terms. In addition, as kneat.com continues to develop software product functionality and expand its portfolio using new technology and innovation, kneat.com's exposure to threats of infringement may increase. Any infringement claims and related litigation could be time-consuming, disruptive to kneat.com's ability to generate revenues or enter into new market opportunities and may result in significantly increased costs as a result of kneat.com's defense against those claims or its attempt to license the intellectual property rights or rework kneat.com's product to avoid infringement of third-party rights. Typically, kneat.com's agreements with its partners and customers contain provisions which require kneat.com to indemnify them for damages sustained by them as a result of any infringement claims involving kneat.com's product. Any of the foregoing infringement claims and related litigation could have a significant adverse impact on kneat.com's business and operating results as well as its ability to generate future revenues and profits.

kneat.com is subject to a variety of laws, changes in which may adversely impact its ability to operate effectively
kneat.com operates in Canada, the United States and a number of European countries including Ireland where its head office is based. The Company continues to offer its product and services in the European Union, Canada, the United States and other countries. kneat.com is and will be subject to a variety of laws in the European Union,

Canada, the United States and other countries, including laws regarding consumer protection, privacy, intellectual property, taxation and content suitability, distribution and antitrust, that are continuously evolving and developing. The scope, enforcement and interpretation of the laws that are or may be applicable to kneat.com and its subsidiaries are often uncertain and may be conflicting, particularly laws outside of Ireland, Canada and the United States. It is also likely that as business grows and evolves to a greater number of countries, kneat.com will become subject to laws and regulations in additional jurisdictions. Compliance with applicable laws or regulations could be very difficult or liability could arise under these laws or regulations due to amendments to or evolving interpretation and enforcement of such laws and regulations. As a result, kneat.com could be directly harmed, and may be forced to implement new measures to reduce the exposure to this liability. This may require substantial resources to be expended or a modification of its product and services, which would harm the business, financial condition and results of operations of kneat.com.

Fluctuations in exchange rates of foreign currency could impact kneat.com's operating results

kneat.com currently reports its results in the Canadian dollar. Fluctuations in the exchange rates between the European Euro, United States dollar and Canadian dollar may have a material adverse effect on the business, financial condition and operating results of the Company. To date, kneat.com has not engaged in exchange rate hedging activities and may not do so in the foreseeable future.

Current and future competitors could have a significant impact on kneat.com's ability to generate future revenues and profits

The markets for kneat.com's software product and services are competitive and are subject to technological change and other pressures created by changes in its industry. The convergence of many technologies may result in unforeseen competitors arising from companies that were traditionally not viewed as threats to kneat.com's marketplace. kneat.com expects competition to increase and intensify in the future as the pace of technological change and adaptation quickens and as additional companies enter its markets, including those competitors who offer similar solutions as kneat.com does, but offer it through a different form of delivery. kneat.com could lose market share if its current or prospective competitors: (i) introduce new competitive products or services; (ii) add new functionality to its existing product and services; (iii) acquire competitive products and services; (iv) reduce prices; (v) form strategic alliances with other companies and/or (vi) undertake other activities to weaken the Company's position in the market place. If other businesses were to engage in aggressive pricing policies with respect to competing products, or if the dynamics in kneat.com's marketplace resulted in increasing bargaining power by the consumers of kneat.com's software product and services, kneat.com would need to lower the prices it charges for the product and services it offers. This could result in lower revenues or reduced margins, either of which may materially and adversely affect kneat.com's business and operating results. Additionally, if prospective consumers choose other methods of data and document management within regulated environments, different from that which we offer, kneat.com business and operating results could also be materially and adversely affected.

kneat.com must continue to manage its internal resources during periods of company growth or its operating results could be adversely affected

kneat.com's growth, coupled with the rapid evolution of its markets, may place significant strains on kneat.com's administrative and operational resources and increased demands on its internal systems, procedures and controls. kneat.com's administrative infrastructure, systems, procedures and controls may not adequately support its operations. In addition, kneat.com's management may not be able to achieve the rapid, effective execution of the product and business initiatives necessary to successfully implement kneat.com's operational and competitive strategy. If kneat.com is unable to manage growth effectively, its operating results will likely suffer which may, in turn, adversely affect its business.

If kneat.com loses the services of its executive officers or other key employees or if it is not able to attract or retain top employees, kneat.com's business could be significantly harmed

kneat.com's performance is substantially dependent on the performance of its executive officers and key employees. kneat.com does not maintain "key person" life insurance policies on any of its employees. kneat.com's success is also highly dependent on its continuing ability to identify, hire, train, retain and motivate highly qualified management, technical, sales and marketing personnel. In particular, the recruitment of top developers and experienced salespeople remains critical to its success. Competition for such people is intense, substantial and

continuous, and kneat.com may not be able to attract, integrate or retain highly qualified technical, sales or managerial personnel in the future. In addition, in its effort to attract and retain critical personnel, kneat.com may experience increased compensation costs that are not offset by either improved productivity or higher prices for its software product or services.

kneat.com may fail to achieve its financial forecasts due to inaccurate sales forecasts or other factors

kneat.com's revenues, particularly its software license revenues, are difficult to forecast and as a result its quarterly operating results can fluctuate substantially. kneat.com uses a "pipeline" system, a common industry practice, to forecast sales and trends in its business. By reviewing the status of outstanding sales proposals to its customers and potential customers, kneat.com makes an estimate as to when a customer will make a purchasing decision involving its software product. These estimates are aggregated periodically to make an estimate of kneat.com's sales pipeline, which kneat.com uses as a guide to plan its activities and make financial forecasts. kneat.com's sales pipeline is only an estimate and may be an unreliable predictor of actual sales activity, both in a particular quarter and over a longer period of time. Many factors may affect actual sales activity, such as weakened economic conditions, which may cause kneat.com's customers and potential customers to delay, reduce or cancel software and service related purchasing decisions and the tendency of some of kneat.com's customers to wait until the end of a fiscal period in the hope of obtaining more favourable terms from kneat.com. If actual sales activity differs from kneat.com's pipeline estimate, then kneat.com may have planned its activities and budgeted incorrectly and this may adversely affect its business, operating results and financial condition.

kneat.com's software product and services may contain defects that could harm its reputation, be costly to correct, delay revenues, and expose kneat.com to litigation

kneat.com's software product and services are highly complex and sophisticated and, from time to time, may contain design defects, software errors, hardware failures or other computer system failures that are difficult to detect and correct. If these defects are discovered, kneat.com may not be able to successfully correct such errors in a timely manner. In addition, despite the extensive tests kneat.com conducts on all its software product or services, kneat.com may not be able to fully simulate the environment in which its product or services will operate and, as a result, kneat.com may be unable to adequately detect the design defects or software or hardware errors which may become apparent only after the product is deployed for a customer, and users have transitioned to kneat.com's services. The occurrence of errors and failures in kneat.com's software product or services could result in the delay or the denial of market acceptance of its product and alleviating such errors and failures may require kneat.com to make significant expenditure of its resources. Customers often use kneat.com services and solutions for critical business processes and as a result, any defect or disruption in kneat.com's solutions, any data breaches or misappropriation of proprietary information, or any error in execution, including human error or intentional third-party activity such as denial of service attacks or hacking, may cause customers to reconsider renewing their contract with kneat.com. The errors in or failure of kneat.com's software product and services could also result in kneat.com losing customer transaction documents and other customer files, causing significant customer dissatisfaction and possibly giving rise to claims for monetary damages. The harm to kneat.com's reputation resulting from product and service errors and failures may be materially damaging. kneat.com's agreements with its strategic partners and end-users typically contain provisions designed to limit its exposure to claims. However, such provisions may not effectively protect kneat.com against claims and the attendant liabilities and costs associated with such claims. Any claims for actual or alleged losses to kneat.com's customers' businesses may require kneat.com to spend significant time and money in litigation or arbitration or to pay significant settlements or damages. Defending a lawsuit, regardless of merit, can be costly and would divert management's attention and resources. Although kneat.com maintains insurance coverage, such coverage may not be adequate to cover all such claims. Accordingly, any such claim could negatively affect its business, operating results or financial condition.

Unauthorized disclosures and breaches of security data may adversely affect kneat.com's operations

kneat.com relies heavily on its information technology systems including, without limitation, its networks, equipment, hardware, software, telecommunications, and other information technology (collectively, "IT systems"), and the IT systems of its vendors and third-party service providers, to operate its business as a whole. kneat.com has strict measures to protect its IT systems against unauthorized access and disclosure of personal information and of kneat.com's confidential information and confidential information belonging to its customers. kneat.com has

policies and procedures in place dealing with data security and records retention. However, there is no assurance that the security measures kneat.com has put in place will be effective in every case. Breaches in security could result in a negative impact for kneat.com and for its customers, affecting kneat.com's and its customers' businesses, assets, revenues, brands and reputations and resulting in penalties, fines, litigation and other potential liabilities, in each case depending on the nature of the information disclosed. Security breaches could also affect kneat.com's relations with its customers, injure kneat.com's reputation and harm its ability to keep existing customers and to attract new customers. These risks to kneat.com's business may increase as it expands the number of web-based and cloud-based product and services kneat.com offers.

kneat.com may become involved in litigation that may materially adversely affect the Company

From time to time in the ordinary course of kneat.com's business, it may become involved in various legal proceedings, including commercial, product liability, employment, class action and other litigation and claims, as well as governmental and other regulatory investigations and proceedings. Such matters can be time-consuming, divert management's attention and resources and cause kneat.com to incur significant expenses. Furthermore, because litigation is inherently unpredictable, the results of any such actions may have a material adverse effect on kneat.com's business, operating results or financial condition.

kneat.com's operating results could be adversely affected by any weakening of economic conditions

kneat.com's overall performance depends in part on worldwide economic conditions. Certain economies have experienced periods of downturn as a result of a multitude of factors, including, but not limited to, turmoil in the credit and financial markets, concerns regarding the stability and viability of major financial institutions, declines in prices, the impact of the rise in protectionism, the introduction of trade barriers (including new or higher tariffs), and worldwide stock markets, and excessive government debt. The severity and length of time that a downturn in economic and financial market conditions may persist, as well as the timing, strength and sustainability of any recovery, are unknown and are beyond kneat.com's control. During such downturns, many customers may delay or reduce technology purchases. Contract negotiations may become more protracted or conditions could result in reductions in the licensing of kneat.com's software product and the sale of cloud and other services, longer sales cycles, pressure on kneat.com's margins, difficulties in collection of accounts receivable or delayed payments, increased default risks associated with kneat.com's accounts receivables, slower adoption of new technologies and increased price competition. In addition, deterioration of the global credit markets could adversely impact kneat.com's ability to complete licensing transactions and services transactions, including maintenance and support renewals. In addition, impacts related to global political instability may heighten many risks and uncertainties and could have a material adverse impact on our business. Any of these events, as well as a general weakening of, or declining corporate confidence in, the global economy, or a curtailment in government or corporate spending could delay or decrease kneat.com's revenues, and therefore have a material adverse effect on its business, operating results and financial condition.

Risks associated with debt financing

The Company's ability to satisfy its liabilities, including under the IPF Facility, and make payments when due and payable will be contingent, in part, upon its success in achieving significant revenues from its products. While the Company was successful in securing financing under the IPF Facility, there is no assurance that the Company will be able to secure additional financing to repay its liabilities under the IPF Facility should cash flows from operations be insufficient to repay these liabilities. The Company's inability to repay outstanding debt when due would have a material adverse impact on its business. Kneat's Irish subsidiary, Kneat Solutions Limited, is the borrower, and the Company and its U.S. wholly owned subsidiary are guarantors under the IPF Facility. The IPF Facility is secured by a perfected, sole first-priority security interest in all existing and after acquired tangible and intangible assets of Kneat Solutions Limited, the Company and its U.S. wholly owned subsidiary. The IPF Facility is subject to a financial covenant required adherence to a minimum cash balance at all times. Non-compliance with this covenant would result in an event of default. In the event of a default in payment on or the acceleration of repayment under the IPF Facility, or upon the exercise of the remedies on behalf of the lender pursuant to the terms of IPF Facility, such enforcement would have a material adverse effect on the business, operations, financial condition and prospects of the Company.

Cyber security incidents and privacy breaches could result in important remediation costs, increased cyber security costs, litigation and reputational harm

Cyber security incidents can result from deliberate attacks or unintentional events. Cyber-attacks and security breaches could include unauthorized attempts to access, disable, improperly modify or degrade the Company's information, systems and networks, the introduction of computer viruses and other malicious codes and fraudulent "phishing" emails that seek to misappropriate data and information or install malware onto users' computers. Cyber-attacks in particular vary in technique and sources, are persistent, frequently change and are increasingly more targeted and difficult to detect and prevent. Disruptions due to cyber security incidents could adversely affect the Company's business. In particular, a cyber security incident could result in the loss or corruption of data from the Company's research and development activities. Also, the Company's trade secrets, including unpatented know how, technology and other proprietary information could be disclosed to competitors further to a breach, which would harm the Company's business and competitive position. If the Company is unable to protect the confidentiality of its trade secrets, the Company's business and competitive position would be harmed. The Company relies on a third-party to provide Infrastructure as a Service (IaaS) for the Kneat Gx SaaS product. Management and control of the Company's third-party providers are executed in accordance with the Company's vendor approval and control procedure which categorises its third-party providers based on risk. Oversight of the performance of third-party providers is performed at management review meetings in accordance with the Company's quality management system requirements. The third-party provides System and Organization Controls (SOC) reports (SOC 1 reports provided quarterly and SOC 2 and SOC 3 reports provided bi-annually), which are independent third-party examination reports that demonstrate how the entity achieves key compliance controls and objectives. All changes to infrastructure and configurations associated with the Company's SaaS cloud are governed by the Company's change control procedure and are specified, implemented and qualified according to GxP best practices. All activities within the third-party provider account are monitored and logged. The servers, services and applications running within the Company's SaaS cloud are monitored in real-time with alerts for failure and potential causes of impending failure. A cyber security incident may have a material adverse impact on kneat.com's business, operations, financial condition and prospects.

kneat.com must successfully upgrade and maintain its information technology systems

The Company relies on various information technology systems to manage its operations. There are inherent costs and risks associated with maintaining, modifying and/or changing these systems and implementing new systems, including potential disruption of the Company's internal control structure, substantial capital expenditures, additional administration and operating expenses, retention of sufficiently skilled personnel to implement and operate its systems, demands on management time and other risks and costs of delays or difficulties in transitioning to new systems or of integrating new systems into the Company's current systems. In addition, the Company's information technology system implementations may not result in productivity improvements at a level that outweighs the costs of implementation, or at all. The implementation of new information technology systems may also cause disruptions in the Company's business operations and have an adverse effect on its business, prospects, financial condition and operating results.

kneat.com is subject to changes in its tax status or in taxation legislation in jurisdictions where it operates.

Any change in the Company's tax status or in taxation legislation in any jurisdiction in which the Company operates could affect the Company's financial condition and results and its ability (if any) to provide returns to shareholders of the Company. The taxation of an investment in the Company depends on the individual circumstances of investors.

kneat.com is subject to possible audit by tax authorities in the countries in which it operates

The Company is subject to possible audit by tax authorities in the countries in which it operates and/or sells its products and services. The outcome of an audit could result in the relevant authorities taking a different position to the Company on a taxation issue which could have an adverse effect on the Company as it may result in the Company being subject to fines and penalties, being liable to pay higher taxes or to repay amounts previously received, and/or not being eligible to receive amounts which are accrued in the financial statements but which have not yet been received.

kneat.com is expected to manage environmental, social and governance (ESG) risks

There is an increased expectation by various stakeholders to address social and environmental challenges, including climate change, human rights, racism and inequality, and to demonstrate exemplary governance in managing Environmental, Social and Governance risks. An inability to manage this risk can result in higher costs for capital, regulatory compliance and disclosures, and failure to adequately manage these risks could result in reputational damage and could negatively impact the Company and its business.

DISCLOSURE CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES AND INTERNAL CONTROLS OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING

Disclosure Controls and Procedures

The Company's Chief Executive Officer ("CEO") and Chief Financial Officer ("CFO") are responsible for establishing and maintaining our disclosure controls and procedures. We maintain a set of disclosure controls and procedures designed to provide reasonable assurance that information required to be publicly disclosed is recorded, processed, summarized and reported on a timely basis. Our CEO and CFO have evaluated the design of our disclosure controls and procedures at the end of the quarter and based on the evaluation have concluded that the disclosure controls and procedures are appropriately designed.

Internal Controls over Financial Reporting

Our internal controls over financial reporting ("ICFR") are designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with IFRS. Our management is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate ICFR. Management, including our CEO and CFO, does not expect that our ICFR will prevent or detect all errors and all fraud or will be effective under all future conditions. A control system is subject to inherent limitations and even those systems determined to be effective can provide only reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that the control objectives will be met with respect to financial statement preparation and presentation.

National Instrument 52-109 of the Canadian Securities Administrators requires our CEO and CFO to certify that they are responsible for establishing and maintaining ICFR and that those internal controls have been designed and are effective in providing reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements in accordance with IFRS. Our CEO and CFO are also responsible for disclosing any changes to our internal controls during the most recent period that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal controls over financial reporting. Our management under the supervision of our CEO and CFO has evaluated the design of our ICFR based on the Internal Control – Integrated Framework issued in 2013 by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission. As at March 31, 2025, management assessed the design of our ICFR and concluded that our ICFR is appropriately designed.

Changes in Internal Controls over Financial Reporting

There has been no change in the Company's ICFR that occurred during period ended March 31, 2025 that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's ICFR.

CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

The preparation of the audited consolidated financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires management to make judgements and estimates that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

Information about critical accounting judgements and estimates in applying accounting policies that have the most significant impact on the amounts recognized in the audited consolidated financial statements are outlined below.

Recognition of revenue

Contracts with customers often include promises to deliver multiple products and services. Determining whether these products and services represent distinct performance obligations and whether to recognize revenue over time or at a point in time may require significant judgement. In addition, the determination of the stand-alone selling price for distinct performance obligations may also require judgement. Based upon the company's history of generating revenue, management uses judgement, based on customer specific contracts and comparable sales, to determine the appropriate stand-alone selling value for each performance obligation.

In addition, certain of these performance obligations can have a term of more than one year and thus the identification and stand-alone selling price of the individual performance obligations impacts the timing of revenue recognition. A change in the stand-alone selling price allocated to each performance obligation could materially impact the revenue recognized in the current and future periods and the contract liability balance at period-end.

Internally generated intangible asset

The Company capitalizes certain costs incurred for the development of its Kneat Gx software platform in accordance with IAS 38, *Intangible Assets*. The capitalized costs include the costs directly attributable to preparing the intangible asset for its intended use, net of any qualifying research and development tax credits which are subject to audit by tax authorities. Management estimates the expected term over which the Company will receive benefits from the software application to be five years. A change in these estimates would have a significant impact on the carrying value of the intangible asset, the amounts receivable for the research and development tax credit and the amortization and expenses recognized in the consolidated statements of loss and comprehensive loss. The Company also applies judgement in determining the specific development costs that meet the Company's capitalization criteria.

Other areas of uncertainty are related to the incremental borrowing rate inherent in leases, estimation of expected credit losses, the measurement and recoverability of property, plant and equipment and the measurement of the grant date fair value of share-based arrangements.

Estimates are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimates are revised and in any future periods affected.

Additional information regarding the Company is available on SEDAR+ at www.sedarplus.com and on the Company's website at www.kneat.com.